

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

JONATHAN JACKSON, No. C 09-1785 CW (PR)  
Plaintiff, ORDER OF SERVICE  
v.  
B. SULLIVAN, et al.,  
Defendants. \_\_\_\_\_/

Plaintiff, a death row prisoner incarcerated at San Quentin State Prison (SQSP), filed this complaint as a civil action in the Monterey County Superior Court, Jackson v. Sullivan, et al., CIV090710, seeking injunctive relief and damages. In his complaint, Plaintiff named the following Defendants: SQSP Warden Robert L. Ayers, Appeals Examiner B. Sullivan, and SQSP Appeals Coordinator V. Kelly.

Thereafter, Defendant Ayers removed the action to this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1441(b).<sup>1</sup> The Court conducted a preliminary screening of the complaint pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915A(a) and determined that Plaintiff was attempting to state three claims for relief, all pertaining to his designation as an inmate on restrictive Grade B/Privilege Group D status. Specifically, Plaintiff claimed that (1) the Grade B/Privilege Group D designation violated due process because Plaintiff was not afforded the procedural protections regularly provided to prisoners who are reclassified to more restrictive conditions of confinement, (2) the designation violated his right to equal protection, and (3) the designation violated his rights under the Eighth Amendment.

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<sup>1</sup> Deputy Attorney General Emily Brinkman represents and has acknowledged service on behalf of Defendant Ayers. Defendants Sullivan and Kelly have not been served and counsel does not appear on their behalf.

1 The Court dismissed the complaint with leave to amend, finding  
2 that Plaintiff had failed to allege sufficient facts to state a  
3 claim for relief under any of the above three theories and that he  
4 had failed to link Defendants Sullivan and Kelly to his  
5 allegations.

6 Now pending before the Court is Plaintiff's amended complaint.  
7 The Court finds Plaintiff has cured the noted pleading deficiencies  
8 with respect to his due process claim by explaining the particular  
9 terms of the regulation under which he was placed on Grade  
10 B/Privilege Group D status, alleging how such terms violate his  
11 right to due process, linking Defendants Sullivan and Kelly to his  
12 allegations, and alleging facts which, when liberally construed,  
13 show that conditions of confinement for prisoners on Grade  
14 B/Privilege Group D status constitute an atypical and substantial  
15 hardship.

16 With respect to his equal protection claim, Plaintiff alleges  
17 that the procedures used to place death row prisoners on Grade  
18 B/Privilege Group D status differ from those used to place non-  
19 death row prisoners on restrictive status in administrative  
20 segregation and the secured housing unit. Although it is not  
21 readily apparent whether death row and non-death row inmates are  
22 similarly situated under such circumstances, the Court finds that  
23 at this early stage of the proceedings Plaintiff's allegations,  
24 when liberally construed, state a non-frivolous equal protection  
25 claim and may go forward.

26 Plaintiff has not alleged facts in the amended complaint  
27 pertaining to his Eighth Amendment claim. Accordingly, this claim  
28 is dismissed without prejudice.

## CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, the Court orders as follows:

1. Plaintiff states cognizable due process and equal protection claims against Defendants Ayers, Sullivan and Kelly.

2. Plaintiff's Eighth Amendment claim is DISMISSED without prejudice.

3. The Clerk of the Court shall mail a Notice of Lawsuit and Request for Waiver of Service of Summons, two copies of the Waiver of Service of Summons, a copy of the amended complaint and all attachments thereto (docket no. 10) and a copy of this Order to:

(1) Inmate Appeals Coordinator V. Kelly at San Quentin State Prison, and (2) Appeals Manager B. Sullivan at the Inmate Appeals Branch of the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation in Sacramento. The Clerk of the Court shall also

mail a copy of the amended complaint and a copy of this Order to the State Attorney General's Office in San Francisco.

Additionally, the Clerk shall mail a copy of this Order to Plaintiff.

4. Defendants are cautioned that Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure requires them to cooperate in saving unnecessary costs of service of the summons and complaint. Pursuant to Rule 4, if Defendants, after being notified of this action and asked by the Court, on behalf of Plaintiff, to waive service of the summons, fail to do so, they will be required to bear the cost of such service unless good cause be shown for their failure to sign and return the waiver form. If service is waived, this action will proceed as if Defendants had been served on the date that the waiver is filed, except that pursuant to Rule 12(a)(1)(B),

1 Defendants will not be required to serve and file an answer before  
2 sixty (60) days from the date on which the request for waiver was  
3 sent. (This allows a longer time to respond than would be required  
4 if formal service of summons is necessary.) Defendants are asked  
5 to read the statement set forth at the foot of the waiver form that  
6 more completely describes the duties of the parties with regard to  
7 waiver of service of the summons. If service is waived after the  
8 date provided in the Notice but before Defendants have been  
9 personally served, the Answer shall be due sixty (60) days from the  
10 date on which the request for waiver was sent or twenty (20) days  
11 from the date the waiver form is filed, whichever is later.

12 5. Defendants shall answer the complaint in accordance with  
13 the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The following briefing  
14 schedule shall govern dispositive motions in this action:

15 a. No later than ninety (90) days from the date their  
16 answer is due, Defendants shall file a motion for summary judgment  
17 or other dispositive motion. The motion shall be supported by  
18 adequate factual documentation and shall conform in all respects to  
19 Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 56. If Defendants are of the  
20 opinion that this case cannot be resolved by summary judgment, they  
21 shall so inform the Court prior to the date the summary judgment  
22 motion is due. All papers filed with the Court shall be promptly  
23 served on Plaintiff.

24 b. Plaintiff's opposition to the dispositive motion  
25 shall be filed with the Court and served on Defendants no later  
26 than sixty (60) days after the date on which Defendants' motion is  
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1 filed. The Ninth Circuit has held that the following notice should  
2 be given to pro se plaintiffs facing a summary judgment motion:

3 The defendant has made a motion for summary  
4 judgment by which they seek to have your case dismissed.  
5 A motion for summary judgment under Rule 56 of the  
6 Federal Rules of Civil Procedure will, if granted, end  
7 your case.

8 Rule 56 tells you what you must do in order to  
9 oppose a motion for summary judgment. Generally, summary  
10 judgment must be granted when there is no genuine issue  
11 of material fact -- that is, if there is no real dispute  
12 about any fact that would affect the result of your case,  
13 the party who asked for summary judgment is entitled to  
14 judgment as a matter of law, which will end your case.  
15 When a party you are suing makes a motion for summary  
16 judgment that is properly supported by declarations (or  
17 other sworn testimony), you cannot simply rely on what  
18 your complaint says. Instead, you must set out specific  
19 facts in declarations, depositions, answers to  
20 interrogatories, or authenticated documents, as provided  
21 in Rule 56(e), that contradict the facts shown in the  
22 defendant's declarations and documents and show that  
23 there is a genuine issue of material fact for trial. If  
24 you do not submit your own evidence in opposition,  
25 summary judgment, if appropriate, may be entered against  
26 you. If summary judgment is granted [in favor of the  
27 defendants], your case will be dismissed and there will  
28 be no trial.

17 See Rand v. Rowland, 154 F.3d 952, 962-63 (9th Cir. 1998) (en  
18 banc).

19 Plaintiff is advised to read Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of  
20 Civil Procedure and Celotex Corp. v. Catrett, 477 U.S. 317 (1986)  
21 (party opposing summary judgment must come forward with evidence  
22 showing triable issues of material fact on every essential element  
23 of his claim). Plaintiff is cautioned that because he bears the  
24 burden of proving his allegations in this case, he must be prepared  
25 to produce evidence in support of those allegations when he files  
26 his opposition to Defendants' dispositive motion. Such evidence  
27 may include sworn declarations from himself and other witnesses to  
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1 the incident, and copies of documents authenticated by sworn  
2 declaration. Plaintiff will not be able to avoid summary judgment  
3 simply by repeating the allegations of his complaint.

4 c. Defendants shall file a reply brief no later than  
5 thirty (30) days after the date Plaintiff's opposition is filed.

6 d. The motion shall be deemed submitted as of the date  
7 the reply brief is due. No hearing will be held on the motion  
8 unless the Court so orders at a later date.

9 6. Discovery may be taken in this action in accordance with  
10 the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Leave of the Court pursuant  
11 to Rule 30(a)(2) is hereby granted to Defendants to depose  
12 Plaintiff and any other necessary witnesses confined in prison.

13 7. All communications by Plaintiff with the Court must be  
14 served on Defendants, or Defendants' counsel once counsel has been  
15 designated, by mailing a true copy of the document to Defendants or  
16 Defendants' counsel.

17 8. It is Plaintiff's responsibility to prosecute this case.  
18 Plaintiff must keep the Court informed of any change of address and  
19 must comply with the Court's orders in a timely fashion.

20 9. Extensions of time are not favored, though reasonable  
21 extensions will be granted. Any motion for an extension of time  
22 must be filed no later than fifteen (15) days prior to the deadline  
23 sought to be extended.

24 IT IS SO ORDERED.

25 DATED: 4/11/2012

26   
CLAUDIA WILKEN  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE